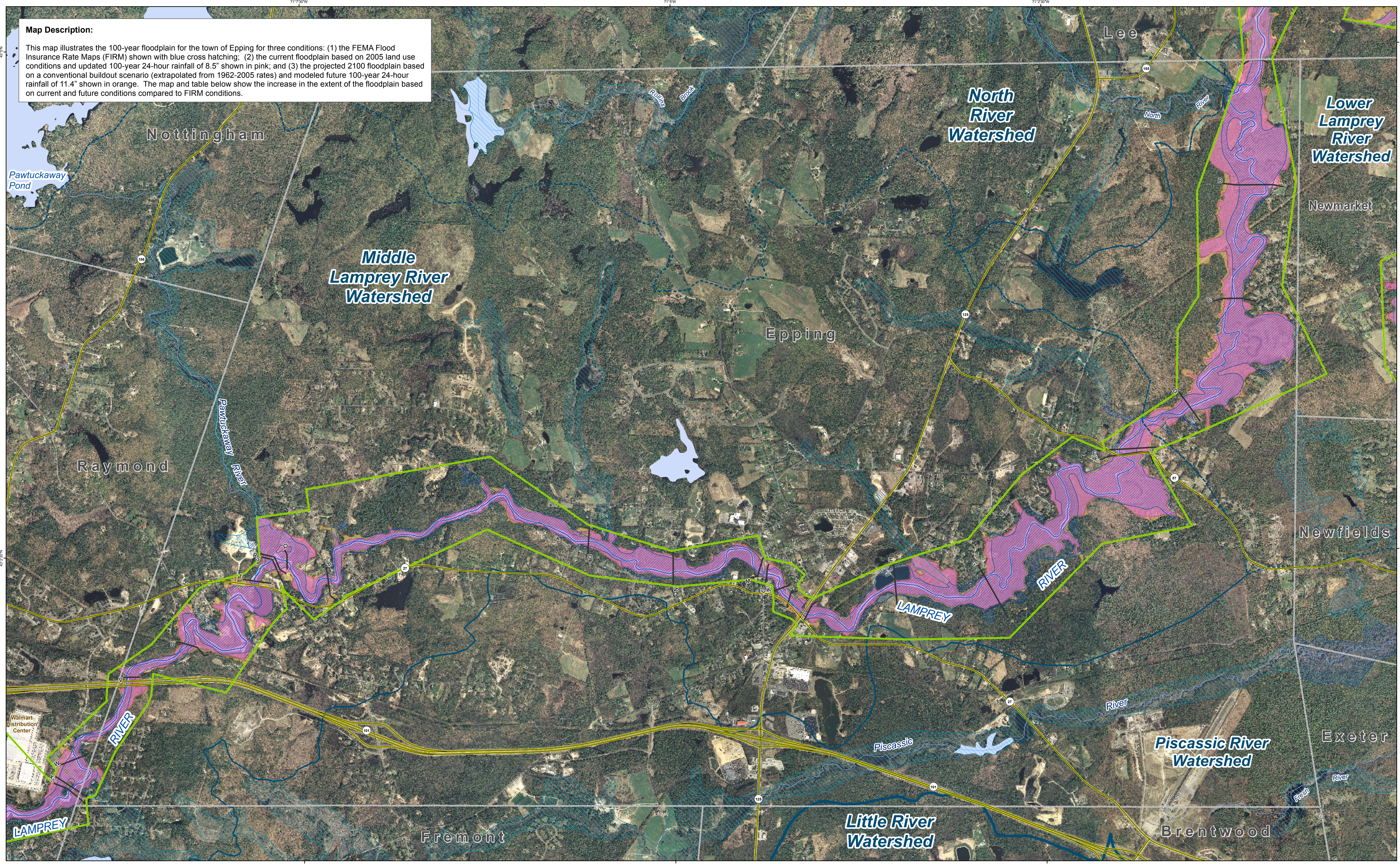


100-Year Floodplains in the Lamprey River Watershed: Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), Updated (2005) Conditions, and 2100 Conventional Buildout Epping Panel

Map Description:
This map illustrates the 100-year floodplain for the town of Epping for three conditions: (1) the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) shown with blue cross hatching; (2) the current floodplain based on 2005 land use conditions and updated 100-year 24-hour rainfall of 8.5" shown in pink; and (3) the projected 2100 floodplain based on a conventional buildout scenario (extrapolated from 1962-2005 rates) and modeled future 100-year 24-hour rainfall of 11.4" shown in orange. The map and table below show the increase in the extent of the floodplain based on current and future conditions compared to FIRM conditions.



- Map Key:**
- Updated (2005) 100-Year Floodplains
 - 2100 100-Year Floodplains: Conventional Buildout
 - Effective Zone AE 100-Year Floodplains: Special Flood Hazard Areas with Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) determined
 - Effective Zone A 100-Year Floodplains: Special Flood Hazard Areas with no Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) determined
 - Effective Cross Sections
 - Limits of Inundation Mapping
 - Lamprey River Watershed Boundary
 - Subwatershed Boundaries
 - Lamprey River
 - River and Stream Networks
 - Town/County Bounds
 - State roads
 - Local roads

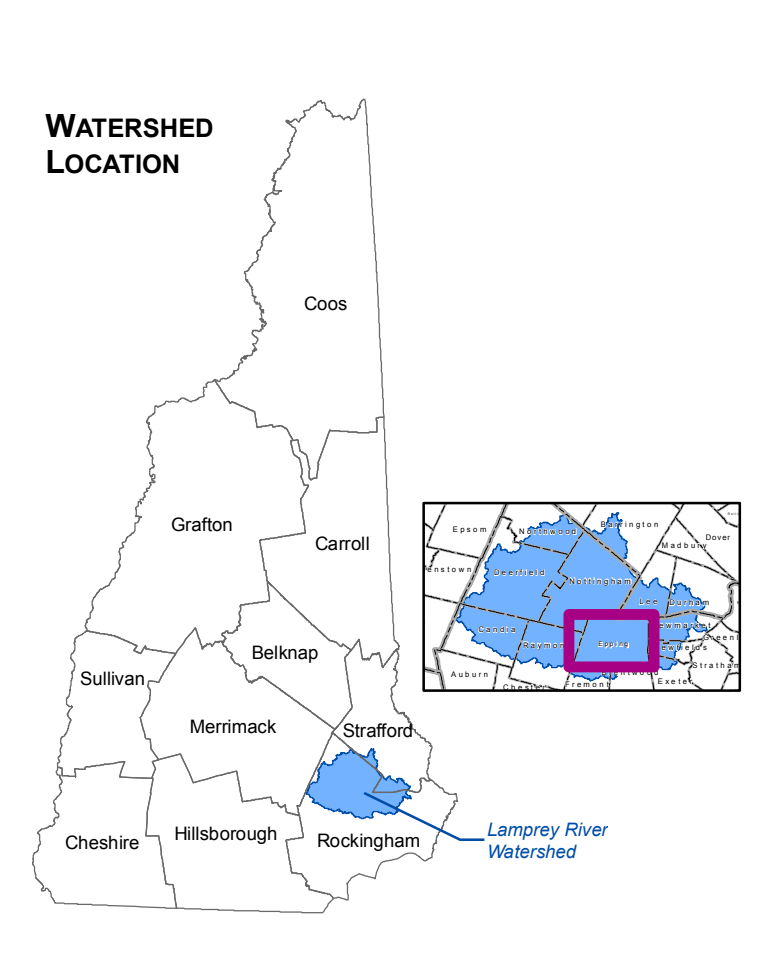
Acreeage Summary:

Town	Total Acreeage in Watershed	Acreeage within Area Mapped	100-Year Floodplains: Inundation Acreeage within Area Mapped			Residential/Commercial/Industrial Land Use Total Acreeage in Watershed	
			FIRM 2005	Updated (2005) Conditions (based on 8.5" rainfall)	2100 Buildout (based on 11.4" rainfall)	Updated (2005) Conditions	2100 Buildout Conditions
Barrington	4,344	0	0	0	0	332	1,877
Brentwood	812	0	0	0	0	100	504
Candia	11,917	16	6	8	11	1,237	7,845
Doverfield	26,756	0	1	3	3	1,867	13,297
Durham*	4,984	902	499	587	625	667	2,160
Epping	16,752	2,495	899	923	1,026	2,082	10,523
Exeter	1,548	0	0	0	0	120	529
Fremont	2,999	7	7	7	7	531	1,951
Lee	7,827	1,217	551	756	916	1,311	4,458
Newfields	2,612	561	28	24	26	329	1,204
Newmarket	6,559	1,904	450	641	741	732	4,203
Northwood	7,549	0	0	0	0	621	4,988
Nottingham	30,681	0	0	0	0	2,109	12,691
Raymond	12,277	2,324	874	985	1,113	2,184	7,585
Swafford	29	0	0	0	0	3	15
Total Watershed	137,743	8,823	3,209	3,807	4,461	14,965	73,826

* Table includes acreeage of flooding in bypass over the Oyster River in Durham.

Technical Notes:
The updated and projected floodplains were modeled using FEMA approved methodologies (watershed hydrology using the US Army Corps of Engineers [USACE] Hydrologic Engineering Center Hydrologic Modeling System [HEC-HMS]; hydraulic analysis using the USACE Hydrologic Engineering Center River Analysis System [HEC-RAS]). The hydraulic model included 262 river cross sections, 115 sections from the original FIS dataset, 46 sections from recent field survey and other analyses, 101 additional sections and extended embankment elevations generated from 2011 LIDAR imagery (2-meter digital elevation model, 15-cm vertical root mean square error). Reaches without surveyed cross-sections (Piscassic River and Moonlight Brook) used topography generated by LIDAR, and assumed channel geometry.
The 100-year 24-hour rainfall depth for the period: (1) from 1938-2010 (8.5") derived from the Northeast Regional Climate Center (<http://www.areas.net>); (2) up to 2100 (11.4") derived from the largest 24-hour rainfall event from downscaled model output from four global climate models.
Future land use extrapolated from 1962-2005 historical buildout rates, current zoning, and Conventional or Low Impact Development.
The effective FIRM base flood elevations based on NAVD83 datum: the 2005, 2050, and 2100 base flood elevations based on the NAVD83 datum.
While this map is not a legally binding document, federal and state guidance encourages the use of the most current information available to support community-based planning and zoning. A detailed analysis of legal issues associated with using this map (or others in this series), written by the Vermont Law School, is available at the project web site listed below. Legal FEMA effective Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) maps are available online at: <http://www.fema.gov>
More project information and maps are available at: <http://www.grant.unh.edu/MapLibrary/Projects/Maps> or <http://100yearfloods.org>. Detailed methodology is also described in: Scholz, A. 2011. Consequences of Changing Climate and Land Use to 100-Year Flooding in the Lamprey River Watershed of New Hampshire. MS Civil Engineering, University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH.

Map Data Sources:
Updated 100-year floodplains: Data from NOAA/CICEET funded proposal "Assessing the Risk of 100-year Freshwater Floods in the Lamprey River Watershed of New Hampshire Resulting from Changes in Climate and Land Use", C. Wake, Principal Investigator.
Effective Zones/Special Flood Hazard Areas: Effective DFIRM panels for Rockingham and Strafford Counties, May 17, 2005.
Surface Water: NH National Hydrography Dataset, April 2007.
Watersheds: NH Department of Environmental Services, September 2002.
Topography: National Elevation Dataset, 10-meter resolution Digital Elevation Model.
Transportation: NH Department of Transportation, April, 2010.
Photography: 1-foot resolution aerial photography, Spring, 2010.



Assessing Flood Risk in the Lamprey River Watershed

Support for this project was provided by the Cooperative Institute for Coastal and Estuarine Environmental Technologies (CICEET).

Map produced June, 2012

For further information about this project, please visit <http://100yearfloods.org>