Route 120 Build-out Analysis Using CommunityViz Scenario 360

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 Central GIS Data Clearinghouse at UNH Complex Systems Research Center

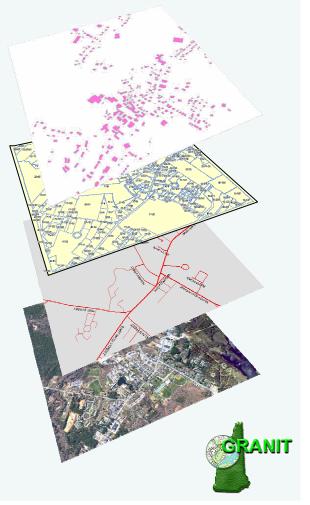
• Core Activities:

- Data development/archiving/serving/distribution
- Coordination/standards development
- Spatial data analysis
- Training and technical support

o Multiple Data Providers and Data Users

- State government
- Federal agencies
- Regional planning agencies
- Municipalities

O Multiple Funding Sources



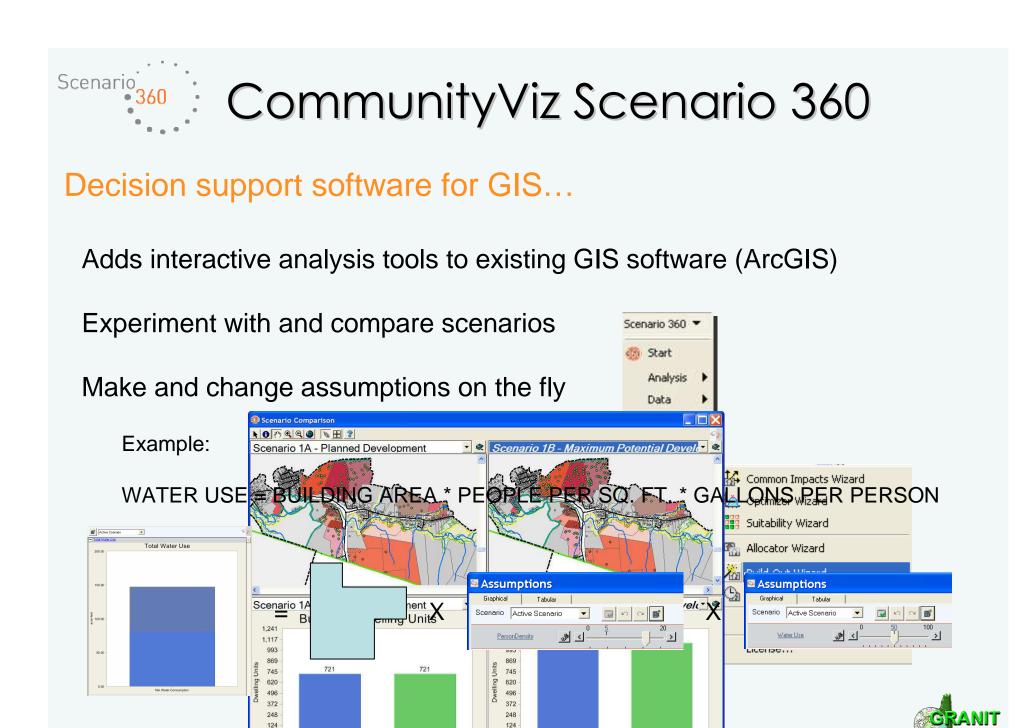


Funded by the New Hampshire GIS Conservation Collaborative (NHGCC)

- Provide technical support to CommunityViz users throughout the state
 - CommunityViz selected as the build-out tool for the I93 expansion project
- Develop and host a website containing technical information and case studies
- o Conduct pilot projects to build CommunityViz skill set
 - Dedicate three weeks to the RT 120 Corridor Management Study conduct build-out analysis and possibly other advanced analysis as time/budget allows

• Collaborate with The Jordan Institute (networking and promoting the use of the software)





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Numeric

Spatial

Spatial

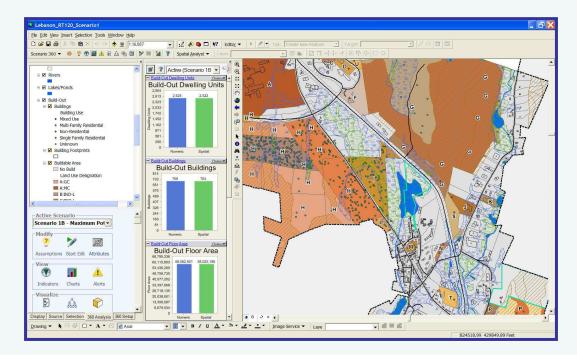
Numeric

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o Build-out

- Places hypothetical buildings on a map according to land-use designations.
- Can be used to create many different scenarios for evaluation.
- Estimates the numeric capacity as well as spatial distribution of buildings in a scenario.
- Results can be further analyzed using Common Impacts, Suitability, and TimeScope.

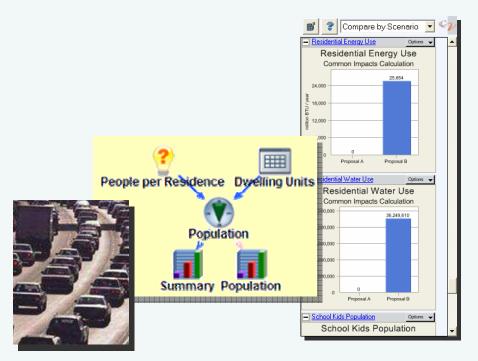






o Common Impacts

- Automatically create socioeconomic and environmental impact analyses based on projected growth.
- Analyze impacts on auto emissions, energy use, tax revenue, water use, school kids ...







o Suitability Analysis

• Assess the **desirability of locations**, e.g. where houses are most likely to be built (could be based on land cost, accessibility or other constraints to development).

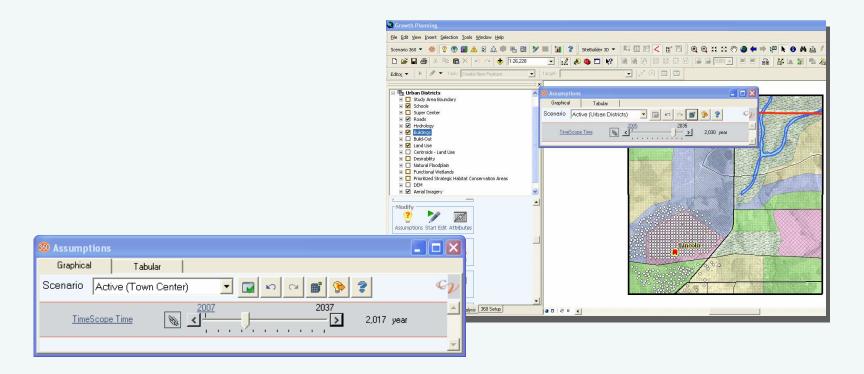
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	Tabular				
Scenario Active (B	Base Scenario)	🛫 🚳 🗠 🖼 💆 🚬			¢2
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Steep Slopes Weight	<u>س</u> حا	5	10	5.0	
Septic Weight	<u>ه</u> حا <u></u>	<u>5</u> 	10	6.0	
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o TimeScope

• Model development over a specified period of time using growth rate and building sequence.







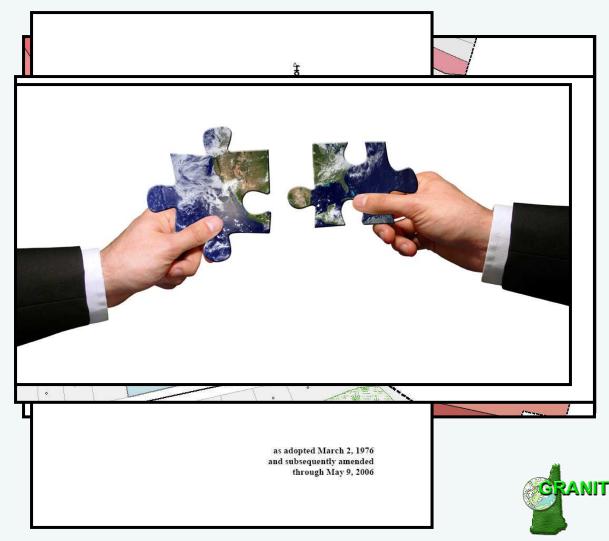
Requirements for build-out analysis...

• Tax parcel data with zoning information attached

 Building locations with descriptive information

- o Road centerline data
- o Zoning ordinance
- o Constraints data

 Close working relationship between GIS Analyst and Planner





Build-out process involves three separate, but integrated steps:

- 1. Numeric build-out
 - Provides an estimated building capacity (in numbers) for each parcel in the layer
- 2. Spatial build-out
 - Places building points on a two-dimensional map
- 3. Visual build-out
 - Associates spatial build-out building points with three-dimensional models



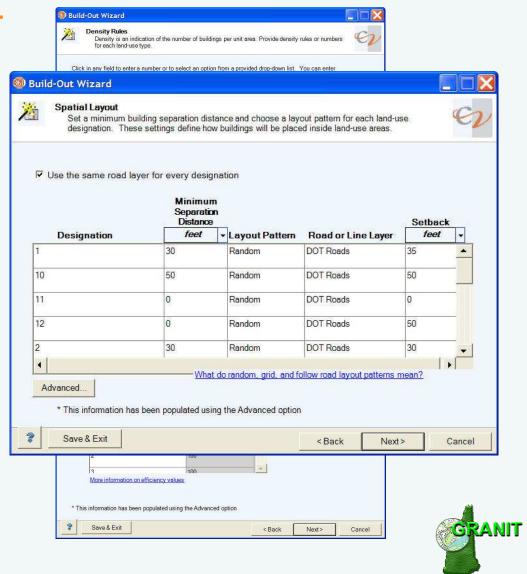


Inputs to build-out analysis...

- 1. Numeric:
- o Density Rules and Efficiency Factors
- Building information
- Constraints to development
- Existing buildings

2. Spatial:

Separation distances, 0 setbacks, and layout patterns





Numeric and spatial build-out run on three scenarios so far:

Scenario 1A – Planned Development based on existing zoning regulations

Scenario 1B – Maximum Possible Development based on existing zoning regulations

Scenario 2A – Planned Development based on proposed future zoning regulations

Communication with UVLSRPC facilitated by CommunityViz build-out reports





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Questions?



Comments?

Suggestions?



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